LINKAGE DATA

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and B.C. Turner. New morphological mutants
that have been localized to linkage group.

New morphological mutants have been accumulated in our laboratory over several years. Some that appear potentially useful have been mapped to linkage group, usually by crosses with alcoy and follow-up linkage testers (Neurospora Newsl. 6:22, 1964; 9:11, 1966). Forty-seven such mutants are listed in Table 1, with information on origin, characteristics, and linkage. A few of the mutants have been further localized by 3-point tests (Table 2).

Locus symbols or names have not been assigned because we do not feel that our tests have been adequate for pinpointing mutants within the linkage groups 50 as to establish that each is at a previously unmapped locus, nor have the mutants been subjected to the necessary tests of allelism with each other or with already named and mapped morphological mutants at established loci. It is unlikely that we will soon obtain the information necessary for locus designations to be made critically. Some of the strains may nevertheless be useful either for investigating morphogenesis or as genetic markers, even without critical information on allelism. The 47 mutants have therefore been deposited with the Fungal Genetics Stock Center in order to make them freely a vailable, but are not listed in the stock list, pending further critical information.

We are grateful to persons named in Table I for donation of mutant strains, to D. Newmeyer for linkage data on M184 and P2615, to A. L. Schroeder for data on NM213t and P1163, to Mrs. E.D. Anderson and Mrs. Marie J. Grindle for technical assistance, and to Public Health Grants AI 01462 and K6-GM-4899 for support. • • • Deportment of Biological Sciences, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305.

Please Note: The tables for the above paper are on the following five pages.

Isolation No.	Linkage group	Origin: treatment and strain	Evidence of linkage	Characteristics and remarks	Suggested temporary designation	
AR2	IR	IR Spont., pyr-1 pdx-1 0 w.t. recomb./95 x x me-1 (A. Radford) os (B135), which it resembles.		Sensitive to high osmotic pressure.	os (AR2)	
AR5	I	UV, pyr-1 pdx-1 (A. Radford)	40 units left of <u>aur</u> (Table 2)	Uniform conidiation flat over entire surface of slant. Light pigment.	morph(AR5)	
D5	IR	UV, <u>inos</u> (89601) (8. R. Gross)†	18 units right of nic-2 (Table 2)	Colonial with restricted growth, no conidiation, little pigment. Free of $\underline{T(D5)}$.	col(D5)	
м184	I	Spont., pdx-1 x col-4 (B. D. Maling)	0 recomb./86 x hist-2 (Table 2)	Flat surface growth with small wisps of dense growth at top of slant, a few protruding onto glass and conidiating.	morph(M184)	
M193 - 1	IC	From pdx-1 x pyr-1 (B. D. Maling)	0 w.t. recomb./94 x sn. 0 recomb./17 x hist-2	Flat surface growth; initially forms large balls of conidia at top of slant. Resembles col-4. Distinguishable from sn, but possible allele.	morph (M193-1	
NM203	I	UV, Em <u>a</u> (N. E. Murray)*	10.9 units from <u>sex</u> , probably right (Table 2)	Starts as flat colonial; some spread, but not over entire slant. Late conidiation in thick smooth, coherent masses.	morph(NM203)	
₩204c	IR	*	0 w.t. recomb. /70 x os (B135) (possibly 2 w.t.)	Temp. sens. Some isolates may overlap wild type at 25°, not 34° or 39°. Some conidiation. Sterile hyphae tend to bleed. Possible os allele.	morph (NM204t	
NM216o	IR	*	0 w.t. recomb./82 x os(NM233t). T recomb./129 x a1-2	Resembles os (B135); perhaps more conidiation on GCP. Named os-5 by Laura R. Livingston, who has evidence of nonallelism.	os(NM216o)	
M216s	I	*	3 recomb./56 x <u>nic-2</u>	Smooth appearance, light pigment, conidia not loose. Aerial growth nearly fills 12 mm tube diameter.	morph(NM216s	
√M233t	IR	*	0 w.t. recomb./130 x os (B135),	Resembles os (B135) at 39° . Nearly w.t. morphology at 25° .	os (NM233t)	
0301	IR	+	3 recomb./59 x <u>aur</u>	Light-colored irregular growth in a thick mat, with conidiation throughout.	morph(D301)	
P1417	IR	Spont., thi-3 x wc	Right of nic-2; left of ad-9 (Table 2)	Leathery pigmenting surface growth with scattered conidiation. Conidia later form in rim at top of slant.	morph(P1417)	
21798	IR	Spont., <u>T(I;VII)</u> 17084, <u>thi-l</u> x <u>T(IV;V)45502</u> , pyr-3	6 units right of hisf-2 (Table 2)	Resembles ropy. Separated from aberrations.	morph(P1798)	
22615	I	Spont., <u>T(I→II)39311</u> , <u>ser-3</u> x <u>un(b39</u>)	19 units left of <u>al-2</u> (Table 2)	Restricted colonial. No conidia. (separated from aberration.)	col(P2615)	
P3282	IR	Spont. from OR8-la X cot-l; inos A	0 w.t. recomb./60 x os (B135), which it resembles.		os(P3282)	
NM201f	II	*	9 recomb./94 X <u>arom-1</u>	Thin, skin-like surface growth without aerial hyphae. Thickest low in slant. Resembles 0318 (V).	morph(NM201f)	

Table 1 -	page 2				
NM218	11	*	6 recomb./38 x <u>arg-5</u>	Flat carpety surface growth, with smooth, velvety puff of deep orange conidia at top of slant.	morph(NM218)
NM220	II	*	10 recomb./66 x <u>arg-5</u>	Characteristic matty conidiation. Min may be preferable to GCP for scoring.	morph(NM220)
р309	11	†	6 recomb./56 x <u>arg-5</u>	Thin transparent pigmented surface growth, free of conidia; irregular, large ragged patches of orange conidia at top of slant.	morph(D309)
в8	liir	UV, STA (V. W. Woodward)	5 recomb./73 x <u>tryp-1</u>	Fuzzy, pale-yellow aerial growth without conidia. Free of Ab(B8).	morph(B8)
M126	IIIR	Spont., <u>arg-10</u> nt x <u>pab-1</u> (B. D. Maling)	1 recomb./71 x tryp-1	Aconidial aerial and surface growth, resembling fluffy. Pigment develops slowly, becoming cream-colored or yellow.	morph(M126)
NM211	IIIR	*	Right of <u>un(83106t)</u> (Table 2)	Smooth, dense, filling 12 mm tube- diameter above slant. Conidia distributed throughout aerial mycelium.	morph (NM211)
NM2 19	III	*	8 recomb./60 x tryp-1	Thick, spreading aconidial surface growth, later developing blooms of dense smooth orange conidiation high in slant.	morph(NM219)
B235r	IIIR	UV, STA (V. W. Woodward)	3 recomb./59 x <u>tryp-1</u>	Nonspreading colonial. Dense. No conidia. Forms warty, yellow aerial protrusions with age.	col(B235r)
D302	liic	†	7 recomb./70 x <u>scr-2</u> 1 recomb./39 x <u>thi-4</u>	Restricted colonial. No conidia.	col(D302)
D308	III	*	24 recomb./76 x tryp-1	Distinctive lush velvety growth hugging surface and forming rim all around edge of slant, to resemble a bird's nest.	morph (D308)
P1710	III	Spont., cot-1 x cot-1	18 recomb.170 x tryp-1	Colonial without conidia. Large aerial knobs formed erratically.	m orp h(P1710)
в28	IVR	UV, STA. (V. W. Woodward)	2 recomb./223 x cot-1. See Table 2.	Dense, nonconidiating, poorly pig- mented, slow-spreading colonial. Called <u>col-5</u> (Garnjobst and Tatum 1967). No allelism test x <u>col-1</u> .	co1(B28)
NM119	IVR	*	0 recomb./58 x <u>cot+1</u>	Pale, loose conidiation at top of slant, not below. Poor scorability. Free of T(I;IV)NM119.	morph (NM119)
NM213t	IV	*	Left of cot-1 (Table 2)	Reverse temp. sens.: w.t. at 34° , $\underline{f1}$ -like aconidial at 25° , on min.	morph(NM213t)
D306	IVR	†	Between tryp-4 and pan-1 (Table 2)	Spreading colonial doesn't entirely cover slant. Conidiates in puffs high in slant. More restricted on GCP than min.	morph(D306)
D314	IVR	t	6 recomb./49 x <u>cot-1</u>	Large flat colonial with defective pigment. May form large serial knobs high in slant.	morph(D314)
ΝМ359	IVR	*	Between <u>cot-1</u> and <u>cys-4</u> (Table 2)	Irregular spreading colonial doesn't entirely cover agar. Blooms and conidiates in large orange puffs at top of slant, expanding from surface tongue of growth.	morph (NM359)
P1898	IV	Spont., <u>lys(66202)</u> x <u>lys-2</u>	Left of tryp-4 (Table 2)	Very light scattered conidiation and weak "ivory" pigmentation.	morph (P1898)

в107	VR	UV, ST <u>A</u> (V. W. Woodward)	0 w.t. recomb./92 x <u>bis</u> (B6)	Some conidiation high in slant. Morphologically distinct from bis, and asci from B107 x bis (B6) are linear. not bulb-shaped: not allelic.	morph(B107)
M111	VC	Spont., tryp-4 chol-1 x ad-6 (B. D. Maling)	Between <u>aspt</u> and <u>lys-l</u> (Table 2)	Conidia in small flecks; later in granular clumps, in crescent at top of slant. Min preferred for scoring. Probably allelic 0307.	morph(Mlll)
NM221t	V R	*	Between <u>lys-l</u> end <u>val-l</u> (Table 2)	crisp-like. Flat crescent of grainy conidia high in slant. Scorability good on min at 34°, poor on GCP.	morph(NM221t)
D307	VC	†	2 recomb./45 x $\frac{1 \text{ys} - 1}{82 \text{ x}}$ 0 w.t. recomb./82 x M111.	Resembles probable allele, "111.	morph(D307)
D315	٧	†	10 recomb./37 x <u>inos</u>	Light surface conidiation in small clumps; crescent of grainy conidia at top of slant.	morph(D315)
D318	V	•	8 recomb./37 x <u>inos</u>	Thin, skin-like surface growth without aerial hyphae. Thickest low in slant. Resembles NM201f (II). Scores well at 34°.	morph(D318)
P904	V	Spont., hist-2 x ers-4	9 recomb./42 x cot-1 in slcoy. 10 recomb., 68 x inos in T(I;VII)S1007, un(55701t); T(V;VI)4680 inos		ro(P904)
P1135	VI	Spont. in germinat- ing ascospore	0 recomb.190 x <u>ylo-1</u>	Twisted "Wiry" hyphae at ascospore germination. Gross morphology dearly scorable; Small yellowsih aerial clumps above flat aconidial surface.	morph(P1135)
36703-4-2	0 "I	Spont., <u>arg-1</u> (367031) x STA (D. Newmeyer)	0 recomb./61 x <u>ylo-1</u>	Creamy-buff pigment; characteristic adherent serial growth. (Separated from translocations.)	morph(36703- 4-20)
C-L2B	VIIL	beta-propiolactone, 74 <u>A</u> (J. c . Murray)	27 units left of thi-3 (Table 2)	Restricted nonconidiating colonial. Described and called mel-1 by Murray and Srb (1962). Possible allele: do. not tested.	co1(C-L2B)
NM226	VII	*	0 recomb./70 x <u>thi-3</u>	Fine-grained hazy golden aerial growth fills tube diameter high in slant. No loose conidia.	morph(NM226)
P1163	VIIR	Spont., arg-9 x	Between for and arg-10 (Table 2)	Dense matty conidia high i n slant. Scores better on min than GCP.	morph(P1163)
P1718	VIIR	Spont., <u>cr</u> x <u>leu-3</u> (R156)	2 recomb./39 x <u>nt</u>	Flat, thick surface growth, with irregularly expressed light-	morph(P1718)
Table 1 Foot		(8130)		colored clumps just above surface. Not tested X sk.	

min = minimal agar medium (Vogel's Medium N), with or without supplement. GCP = glycerol complete agar medium. recomb. = recombinant random isolate. spont. = spontaneous or segregating from cross where parents did not possess trait. w.t. = wild type. temp. sens. = temperature-sensitive. R = right arm, L = left arm, C = centromere region.

Descriptions are based largely upon gross morphology as observed on agar slants in 12 x 75 mm tubes, at either 25° or 34%.

*All mutants with numbers prefixed NM were recovered following filtration enrichment of wild type Emerson a following ultraviolet treatment to allow 55-25% survival, in experiments of Noreen E. Murray.

[†]All mutants with numbers prefixed D were obtained by S. R. Gross after inositol-deprivation following ultraviolet irradiation of inos (89601) a. 16

Table 2. Three-point data on selected mutants from Table 1.

1	Recombinations						Total,			
Zygote genotype and recombination %		nta1	Singles Singles						Marker	
				ion	Region		Regions		and	isolation
		combina- tions			Region 2		1 and 2			numbers
		nis	1				1 and 2		TIMRAGE KTOUP	Humbers
4(7)(2)		21		17	7	-		2	47	AR5
<u>+ aur arg(RU3)</u> AR5 + +	_	21	_	1/	′		_			34508
									(100%)	
40 19									I	RU3
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+ + <u>55</u> hist-2 nic-2 +	30	20		1	4	10	U	0	80	Y152M14
									(80%)	43002
2.5 18				ľ					I	ס5
			I	-	· I					
, hist-2 min-2	48	34	١٥	0	2	2	٥	0	86	м184
<u>+ hist-2 nic-2</u> M184 + +	40	34	ľ	U	4	۷ '	U	١٧	(86%)	M104 Y152M14
0 4.6										43002
0 4.0									I	43002
A + aur	25	19	0	5	7	6	1	1	64	(mt)
<u>A + aur</u> a NM203 +	20		ľ	-		Ĭ	_	_ [(80%)	NM203
11 23									I	34508
23									•	31300
+ ad=9 nit-1	44	3 1	1	1	4	5	0	٥	86	P1417
+ ad-9 nit-1 P1417 + +						-	_	- 1	(86%)	Y154M37
2.3 10									I	34547
								j	-	31317
+ + P1417 hist-2 nic-2 +	39	32	3	7	3	6	0	0	90	Y152M14
									(93%)	43002
11 10									I	P1417
11	٠.	. –	_	_				_		
+ hist-2 + arg-1 + P1798	34	47	1	2	2	3	0	0	89	в369
a rg-l + P1798								- 1	(91%)	Y152M14
3.4 5.6								1	I	P1798
-			!							
	32	(20)	i e	(10)	2	71.5	0	(0)	43 (+53)*	D0 (1 F
<u>+ al-2 hs</u> P2615 + +	32	(33)	١٥	(10)	3	(4)	Ü	(0)		P2615
F2013 T T									(96%)	15300
19 7.0			1						I	51504
<u> </u>										
_ + + հԽ ՐՀ 1.1	1/1	34	_	4	3	3	2	0	65	KH5
+ + NM211 acr-2 un +	1.4	21	ر	7	ی	ی		٧	(87%)	83106t
17 12			l						III	NM211
17 14									***	MULTI
										
+ + B28 ad-b \mu \ → \pi \ \operatorno\oper	88	67	5	3	2	0	0	0	165	28610
ad-b Mp□♦ੴ — •			ì		Ĺ				(82%)	C102t
									I''	B28

+ cot-1 cys-4 NM213t + + 21 22	16	24	5	7	7	6	1	1	67 (67%) IV	NM213t C102t K7
+ 0306 + pan-I 1.8 1.8	52	58	2	0	0	2	0	0	114 (72%) IV	Y2198 D306 5531
+ ml359 + cot-1 + cys-4	40	17	7	7	9	5 8	0	0	85 (85%) IV	C102t NM359 K7
+ tryp-4 pan-1 P1898 + + 17 19	44	31	7	-	-				47 (69%) I''	P1898 Y2198 5531
+ M111 + lys-1 3.1 2.1	49	42	2	1	1	1	0	0	96 (96%) V	44303e Mlll 33933
+ NM221 val-1 lys-1 + 7.4 8.4	37	43	4	3	2	6	0	0	95 (95%) V	33933 NM221 45201
+ th1-3 me-7 C-138 + + 27 7.3	59	22	26	7	7	2	0	0	123 (67%) VII	C-L2B 18558 4894
<u>+</u> for P1163 me-7 + + 5.8 3.2	107	36	2	7	5	0	0	0	157 (56%) " I I	4094 C24 P1163
<u>+</u> + arg-10. me-7 P1163 +	55	60	15	12	9	9	1	1	162 (82%) VII	4094 P1163 B368

Loci designated by isolation number are mutants listed in Table 1; the symbol morph or col has been omitted. Crosses are arranged in order of linkage groups, and numerically by isolation number of morphological mutant within each linkage group. In the body of the table numbers at left within each pair represent the class having the + allele of the leftmost marker (or A).

^{*}Scoring uncertain for $\underline{a1-2}$ among morph classes, enclosed in parentheses.